KARL KORSCH: REV_RY THEORY, ed.& altogether too much commented on by Douglas KellnerUniv.of Texas Press,

pp.34-35 Q or perhaps it is better to misquotes, not by changing what Marx means & KK Q H, but puts it in the typer of framework that you can't but misinterpret. Thus the KK Q of

H"rev. was lodged & expressed as if in the very form of their thought" is here interpreted as meaning bourgeois rev.

equivalent of "ideology" which DK makes the

equivalent of "ideology in general as a material
component pf general SOCIOHISTORICAL Reality...Hence a theory
of rev.must take seriously the CR.of ideology &change of sonsciiousness"....

p.68,ftn.72: "KK; s orthodoxy is crystal clear in his enthusiastic review of Lukacs Leninism & HIS RAPTUROUS PRAISE WITH OF STALIN'S book Lenin ... & we can dispense with studying the texts of Marx & LEARN MARSISM IN ITS 'CP, PLETED FORM" from Lenin.

KK's "dialectics" is a matter of deriving his th.from requirements
&possibilities of the his.siyuation. "Krllner is also correct
when he says on p 74"But it seems clear that KK the pol.theorist
of pr. goes too far in REJECTING THE AUTONOMY OF TH.&MINIMIZING
THE ANTICIPATORY COMPONENTS OF TH."

MP begins on p.76. re 1930 addition to new prinint of KK's

p.17I.KK, The Crisis of Marxism: "Marxism today is in the midst of an historical &th.crisis. It is not simply a crisis within the Mxism movement but a crisis of Mxism itself."

RE: KM, 1938 KK defines the center of Marxism as 3-fold: (1) principle of his. specification

(2) the principle of change ctransition

(3) the principle of change revery processing the principle of the principl

p.281THE MOST TELLING REJECTION OF MARYISM IN MCCARTHYITE

10 Theses on Marxism & Kellner dares say is not such a rejection
judged by letters esp. to mattick.

less than 2 p.., lst 2 points: "1) Today it is senseless to ask to what extent the teaching of KM &FE is still theoretically acceptable & practically applicable.

2)Today all attempts to restore the Marxist doctrine as a whole &in its original function as a th.of the wkgelass social rev. are reactionary utogous."

 states: "The 1st step in re-establishing a rev.th.&pr. consists in BREAKING WITH THE MONOPOLISTIC CLAIM OF MARXISM TO REV. RY TEXEXXXX INITIATIVE &to th.&pr/LEADERSHIP."

He then mantionxxx lists everything from Thomas to Frondhon &Bakunin as equal to id. & imp.also are Ref-ism, syndicalism & bolshevism"

Asian society., but these cothers are before 1956. on Polish strikes

And one letter in 1956. on Polish strikes

&his ideax aim "to restore ideas of Marx". &then all that
follow in Kellner's p.105 that KK spent his "last yrs" not

specifying how many in McLean's Psychiatric Hosp. &died
in Belmony. Mass/10/21/1961.

15872

carter things and

9 5 Fred Halliday's Introduction to KARL KORSCH's MARXISM & PHILOSOPHY 1886-1961 1970 NLB pub/ WWI begins KK's active pol.life:1917 joins USPD &joins KPD, 1920 1/1919 Spartacist uprising in Berlin &in April Munich Soviet Rep. suppressed bloodilym but remains very active in Workers Councils which continue KK's sets out what he calls "industrial autonomy" in What Is Socializa-3/1919 p.9: "While other Marxists correctly stressed the absence of a revery org. to sezil power. Korsch emphasized that the th.&cultural preconditions for seizure power were also lacking." plus also lacking
"the socio-psychological preconditions for its seizure were lacking" NLR #51 p.27 .contains KK's KKtaxx position &opp.to RL, defending VIL cf 1922 KK writes introd.for new pub.of KM's <u>Critique of Gotha Program</u> reproduced in this ed; indeed this ed. of <u>M&P</u> also contains 1930 introd.to M&P which he called an <u>Anti-Cr. &Marxism of 1st Int.(*24)</u> p.13: "Since H's phikxx idealism expressed itankfx this heroic epoch of bourgeois, it died out when the bourgeoisie ceased to be reto be rev-ry/ (1840s) The new rev-ry class was the prol. which found its th.expression in dial. mat. HENCE the his.rel. bet. bourgeois phil. &Warxist materialism could only be understood within the basic Marxist outlookitself. Marxism is NOT a phil. but the HEIR of phi. rd) bis neither to KK nor KK FH means men making his but continuity of ide NBNBNB -"The mistake of vulgar Marxism was to fall into a transcendental underestimation of the resilience of the intell &ideological apparatus of bourgeois soc." 5th CI Congress Zinoviev attacks KK &GL&"professors" Deborin joins the cabal he himself denounced&later expelled by 1931 Stall KK however continued to be member since he was MP on Ger. Tild 1812 1027,33 2 moran, lossely, What was thereby created is a th. of prol.rev/, NOT as it developed out of its own foundation, but on the contrary, as it emerged from the bourgeois rev.; given this rel., its form &content still bear-the marks of Jacobinism as the th.of the bourgeois rev. 414 \000 "By the early 50s, however, I was evidently afflicted by the isolation of his position &by an increasing pession writings at the height of Cold War fell into despair & reneged any connection with Marxism" But after 1953 hope revived & showed increasing interest in the colonial world. planned to write on Ch. Rev. planning introd. on Maos essays stressing their th.originality"!!!!!oh oh oh KK"S ANTI-CRITIQUE pp.89-126 , W tn.11: "RL in an article in <u>Vorwarts</u> #14,3/1903, states in all seriodenes that the th. stagnation which can nowbe detected in the movement has not occurred 'because our pr. struggles have surpassed Mxism but on the contrary because KM's th.achievements is in advance of us as a practical militant party. It is not because is no longer adequate for our needs, but because our needs are not yet adequate to profit from Marx's thought. . RL turned the rel. of th. to pr. on its head; this dictum has certainly not put it back on its feet." p.123: "Trotsky:s perceptive cr. analysis of 1908 showed that this was true pf the let phase or its his" whereupon (ftn.38) at the abstract formulation

of this demand in my book is genuinely misleading, &must emphasize that the pursuit of rev-ry struggle by what M&P called 'ideological dictatorhsip' is in 3 respects different from the system of intell.oppression est'd/ system from whatxxxxx the system of intell.oppression est d/in Rus.today in the name of the 'dic.of theprol. ¬ over the prol. 2ndly, it is a dic.of a class ¬ of a party or party leadership. 3rdly &most importantlyp. 126 esterin Arthur recent and and and arthur and arthur punion of the afternoon ATTALOGE SELDE second second in the second s talvas con To the transport of the second The contract of the contract o to the tion of the sent new law to the set of the sent A Contract to the contract of The sear of the control of the colonial world. The colonial control of the colonial world. The colonial of the colonia curpaned is a struggle can new to all berief the control of the curpaned of the control of the c The state two tests of the control o The state of the s and the experiment of the page of the page of the contract of The same of the sa