WOMEN IN CLASS SOCIETY

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About the only good thing about this work is that Saffioti is a Balvilian, has much material on the history — and I mean history; practicelly nothing is beyond 1937 — but otherwise it is strictly mechanical raterialism of the Engolsian school that yet pays attention, or at least argues with it to reject it, to Freudian theory and psychoanalysis in general.

The one critique does take issue frigels, and in (h. 4 especially, the section called "View of Vomen and the Family Structure: A Critique," pp.75-91. One shocking thing is that IaFarge evidently (p.28) x is referred to: "In viewing motherhood as a job in the economic sense, Paul TaFarge provided arguments justifying the marginalization of women from the class structure." And the actual quotation from IaFarge (pp.324) is even worse: "Girls and women of the p.b. as well as of the working class just compete with their fathers, brothers and husbends." And again: "Motherhood, a sacred labor, the highest of the social functions, in capitalistic society, turns into the cause of herrible economic and physiological miseries. Intolarable condition of women endangers the reproduction of the species." And all of this is from his Ia Femme e. Is Communism." If that's what he was promising the women, god help us: B t whereas she does criticize this as well as Engels for sticking too milds to economy, she hardly gets much beyond it, not only in the sense that she leaves everything to be solved after, but with proises of Quina and Russia, as if that really solved fundamental problems. When you read belief that a woman Marxis t could still think that that is advanced.

P.323, ftm. 20: "A recent incidentin Soviet Lithuania is a case in point. Anna Vikentyevna, unmarried teacher over thirty years old, expected a child. When her pregnancy became obvious, and there was no chance of interrupting it, Anna was advised to reveal the name of the child's faiher. In the meetings called by the teacher's union, the party, and the heads of the school to discuss the problem, it was decided that Anna should have a month's leave of absence to 'hide her shame.' Since Anna still refused to follow the advice given her, sho was dismissed when the month's leave was up and her request for an apartment where she planned to live with her child was refused. Published in O Estado de S. Paulo, August 21, 1966."

p.323, ftn. 22: "In the mountainous regions of the Caucasus, it is still the custom for men to abduct and viciate young girls whom they intend to marry. About thirty girls are abducted every year in this region; according to custom, they then resign themselves to marrying their seducers; even when they have no amorous feelings toward them. Recently a young fit girl who was abducted and ravished in this way refused to marry her seducer, who was then convicted along with this accomplices, three other youths, by a court in Alagir where the incident occurred. The Soviet newspaper that reported the story praised the fit girl for her courage, reproved the passivity of they eyewitnesses you did nothing to prevent the abduction, and deplored the attitude of an official who had aided the abductor in his undertaking. Published in O Estado de S. Paulo, January 12, 1967."