KARD MARX'S THEORY OF REVOLUTION: STATE AND BUREAUCRACY, by Hal Draper (Wouthly Review Fress, NY and London, \$28 the set) Hal Draper (Wonthly Review Fress, Ny and London, THE WALLEST CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF 1977.

BOOK I

lst p Drapey's Foreword claims (p. 11, actual more press) is no end if the books are on Marx's 'philosophy', economics, or social-historical theory ('historical materialism'). This still leaves 'everything else', which in fact constitutes the balk of the M-E werks, that ("There

The next p. has the very lst ref. to all of these accumulation of books on phil. , turns out to refer to only 3, McLellan's Marx Before Marxism (rd:why he doesn't mention McLellan's The Grundrisse Before Marxism (rd:why he doesn't mention McLellan's The Grundrisse is very interesting): Meszaros'Marx's Theory of Alienation; and the 3d and one that gets the greatest praise is Lowy's which is in French. The claim for the necessity to disregard that, or to look for any 'grand theory' is because after all Mx was a revolutionist and therefore "it is to bend the stick the other way that this work is entitled ... rather than Political Theory which might be interpreted too narrowly. (p. 12). He stresses it again on p. 13: "It is this Marx, the political man, that is our subject."

He does claim, however, a sort of grand theory for one of the asurate of this book. Marx's theory of the State -- hecause there the emphasis is on Marx's world-historical view of the state"; These quotes in the foreword were from his if st subtitle, "Politics" the second is entitled "Class"; the first subtitle, "Politics" the second is entitled "Class"; the first subtitle, "Politics" the second is entitled "Class"; the first subtitle, "Politics" emtress is that he is writing on Marx, not Maism. He acts (p. 19) as if you couldn't have seen the whole until 1961 when between and 68 of the German edition of the M-E work" (rd: evidently previously only the Russians had a collected edition of Mx's work previously only the Russians had a collected edition of Mx's work but he knows Russian, or at least refers to it, and thereforewhy west until 61) and then claim "the present work could not have been written before the publication of the Werke, practically speaking." p.20.

The most fantastic of all explanations is the 3 pages that now follow as his the subtitle "Method" Obviously what method means to him is "excavation". And believe it or not, the one who gets credit for that word, as if that author meant it as a substitute for method is Lenin. Lenin's State and Rev. which was written in order to put an end to all the midinterpretations of Mx by established Mxism and therefore produced Lenin's claim that one needs to engage in excavation to get down to what hx stood for, is now singled out as the methodology needed: It is ironic that this method, so clearly demanded in the interest of simple scholarship has never been used by any academic treatise in this field." p. 21.

\*\*\*

The 5th (actually the final, since the last "Format" is merely reference to translations used and a thanks to the Rabinowitz foundation) is entitled "Engels" and is, indeed, not translations a celense of E as if he and M were 1 but will actually define the whole work because it's Draper's idea that there is no difference and therefore when he quotes E 1t is as if he quoted Mx. Contrary to all others, including E, who said that Mx was the genius and

at best the others were talented. Draper states. A fundamental background fact is the division of labor which the 2 collaborators consciously established and followed. p. 23. "Engels' name was signed to many a production that was intended to represent the joint views of the 'firm' ". p.23.

The format states that he couldn't refer to all the new trans:s since this vol. was "substantially completed about Oct. 1973".

Finally, Draper lists the scope Vols 2 and 3, which shows that vol. 2 has 3 parts and the 3rd is the one that deals with "Mixed-class..." and here he includes "women's Rights." There is another reference to women in vol. 1, part 4, called "The Societal Revolution" which is entitled "In saxual relations: toward the emancipation of women.

: The Political Development of the Young Marx

The 1st chapter, "The Democratic Extensist" is very busy portraying Mx before he was a Mxist with lots of stress as to how bourgeois, Hegeless and solforth the wholepre 1848 milieu was.

His main point, however, seems to be that democracy was what dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and that therefore; even as a bourgeois, Mx was dominated most and the rule of an arhitrary state and its bureaucrats put and the part of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the plight of the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there, or the Moselle persants (p.63), but even there.

In section 3. Through Social Reality to Theory", "From our hindsight it would be easy to exaggerate the theoretical level that Mx reached in this article." (p73)

As if Draper had not sufficiently desirated Wix to his own level. As if Draper had not sufficiently degraded Mx to his own level, and strongly enough exphasized that philosopher equals bourgeois, he now entitled [6]. "Emancipation From Hegel". Evidently, since Mx to 1843 and 1859 in Critique of Pol Econ. his new beginnings to 1843 and 18 article "The Critique of Hegelian Phil. of Law", Draper is separating himself from it by saying Phil. of Law", Draper is separating himself from it by saying that Mx "deliberately situated himself inside the Hegelian universe of concepts am terminology — in order to tannel his way out (rd emphasis)..." with the implication being that Mx hadn't really yet done so in 1843. The whole point of the emphasis on democracy as against "the monarchist Hegel" is to pretend as if democracy is revolution; he even quotes Mx vs. the state bureacracy for as against "the monarchist Hegel" is to pretend as if democracy is revolution; he even quotes Mx vs. the state bureacracy for which Mx naturally demands -- Mx's words -- "an outrish Trevolution was always needed." And that even when a new constitution is involved. But all of this is only in order to stress the last volved. "The Break With Hegel", and while he credits him with section, 24 "The Break With Hegel", and while he credits him with "sloughing off Hegelianism" he also maintains that Mx "was far from finished with this process, if indeed he ever completed it. (p.94).

With the (4th ar) "The New Direction" one would think that he's finally crediting My with heving become a Mxist, but no -- he is going to treat the 1844 Hes. exactly as that horrible bourgeois creating Easton -- Indeed, he very heavily depends on Easton -as 1844 mas recerbochian-

- 3-

The always puts humanist principles in quotation marks, futther concretizes it as "the realization of human freedom. A broader vision of communicm is necessary" (104) This poes on into th. 5, "Implementing the New Direction", where he deals with Mx. and the "Jewish Question" and in the "serion that "the political lexicon: proletariat. And begun assuming the moderns meaning, mainly in the decade or so the following the moderns meaning, "still moving in the twilight zolobe was wrote down his new perspective." (p.131) Not only that, but the proletariat, where the ED, "MX is still moving in the twilight zolobe ween intiom taken for granted by the young Heretians and a Fevolutionary principle with had not be the developed." (p.147) And this continues in the Tolobe and a Fevolutionary principle with had not be the developed." (p.147) And this continues in the Mary Burns of the Froletariat", whereupon we, of course must stop (p.150) for Engels' contribution and his living with Mary Burns of Enter the Class Struggle" (p.162) but don't think you're actuarly entering it yet. since at this point he first gets to (1) the 1844 mss, which he blames the Mx-En Institute for entitling "sconomic and Philosophical" which he claims "is a little misleading for until the Verylast Chapter, it is very afterintely focused on political accomony, not philosophy". Mary and the process Hess' excess of (64 fand Rumpelbach, which was falled by no means essentially original with him " (p.164) had been the process Hess' excess of (64 fand Rumpelbach, which was falled for the proletarion of thought, and evidently) the only way Hp find in his and sould to forgive limits one way of Stirping Even the entire new continent of thought, and evidently) the only way Hp find in his entire new continent of thought, and the socio-economic foundation of the class struggle. (p.167)

Though we are already in p. 168 we have yet to get to the real Mx, but, since he is a vious as he entitles Ch. 8 "Toward a Class Theory of State" (that man is always moving toward, but never gets there) to talk of the greatness of Mx on the question of the state as he. HD, will interpret it., we get a lot of references prior to the Mx. as Mxist, which nevertheless show how very opposed to state and bureaucracy Mx was, and therefore it's OK to quote pre 'five statements. He wen the way subtitles this "Ingels Take The Lead", even though it's Engels himself who said that when he met Mx in Faris in 1844 Mx had already worked out the theory almost as clearly as what he, E., is expressing it in 1860 (?)

In any case, by the time (p.189) when HD deals with what everyone recognizes as the first statement of his. mat.

— the Germ. Ideo. — HD chooses to put the word Mrxist in quotes — "the first 'Marxist' work".

The only thing that is of any interest or relevance to the present — and that only by taking the absolutely opposite point of view— is the analysis of the Holy Family, which was directed in good part against Eugene Sue's Mysteries of Paris novel. But what would be of great interest or relevance to today is the fact that Sue had written this against Flora Tristan and Mx and E. came to Tristan's defense, which is never once mentioned.

\* Kampletely mestales 77's Unin Ocumences y de cuere "Corporative Casis" (p-133)

**1438**0

While was

Cotpodicio Dasis : C

Not only that, but even though HD gives the Hall Family credit for first stating the question of revolutionary practice, and even though he has to refer, therefore, to Mx's really first for X great though he has to refer, therefore, to Mx's really first for X great histoxical materialist for the projection, which came before 1845, i.e. The Theses on Fenerbach he immediately sees a way out of dealing comprehensively with it, by saying: "These these on fenerally most instrument for Mx; historical and philosophic outlook, which is not our subject, but here, the philosophic outlook, which is not our subject, but here, the pricipal thirs thesis, is fundamental to munderstanding of the pricipal thirs thesis, is fundamental to munderstanding of the pricipal them, though it links the philosophic background of Mxism with theme, though it links the philosophic background of Mxism with its political course. MX's political theory develops as a guide to revolutionary practice in the course of which the revolutionary compress society, and the struggle changes the revolutionary and his political theory. We will see this happen more than once, (p. 234) political theory. We will see this happen-more than once 0.11 grupe to 100-2 pm. + 2 Fit The FART II: The Theory of the State (p.235) Ch. 11 which is the first chapter here, is entitled "The State and Society" and shows terrific dependence on the articles in the International Encly cloudia of the Society Sciences (1968 edition International Encly cloudia of the Society Sciences (1968 edition International Encly cloudia of the Society Sciences (1968 edition International Encly cloudia of the Society Science of the Enclouding of the Fam. That in HD) Note that here, (too,) HD begins with it is in the ftm. It is in HD) Note that here, (too,) HD begins with it called Orig. of the Fam. The first section of this chapter is called Orig. of the Fam. So the become section "The State Separates starts with Ord of Fam., so the become section "The State Separates of the States with Ord of Fam., so the become of the State is not simply out" is also. The Gra section is called "The State Separates of the ginning of state power, i.e. in institutions before the rise of the ginning of state power, i.e. in institutions before the rise of the state. That is to say, the community. After which I assume HD considers himself very modern by quoting (Corion Childe in a 1930 considers himself very modern by quoting (Corion Childe in a 1930 publication of the State Makes Itself. English is concerned to show that it is in this process that the state makes itself independent of society as a whole, "(p.247) Ch. 11. which is the first chapter here, is entitled "The State The (4th) section, "The State as Super dtructure" once again goes to the Encyclopedia and Caston The last 3 chapters -- (12) The State in Fractice: Methods and Forms' (13) "The State and Demogratic Forms"; 147 "The Tendency Towards State Autonomy" -- all, base themselves on the fact that" though" State Autonomy" -- all, base themselves on the fact that though" state is an expression of class antagonism, and "though" it can have democratic forms, it not only can have other than democratic forms, but beacuse it is an "ideological superstructure" it has a "tendency towards automony". The climater to it is "hypertrophy a "tendency towards automony". The climater to it is "hypertrophy HD feels of the executive". And of ecurse, along with hypertrophy HD feels it imperative to become poetic and talk of "the state as Galiban" (p.318). This becomes an absolute necessity because of "the (p.318). This becomes an absolute necessity because of "the political individue of the capitalist class." All this is towards political individue of the capitalist class. "All this is towards only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking only one end, which though he says was "decisive for Mx's thinking on the subject to be a say the form of the subject to be

to modify as selected, has be ghowing a single instance of Engels' work the year after

on de ionary

on of

questi

O com best for the one

KARL MARK'S THEORY OF REVOLUTION: PART I STATE AND EUREAUGRACY, by Hal Draper -- BOOK II

Book II is a continuation of Part II in Book I. The state of the State

Just as Ch 11) thru 11 of Part II, in Bk I, was devoted to Origin of the Family (so) the whole of Bk II, Ch 15 thru 23 plus K appendices, tries to expand Bonapartism to Biemarkism as if it were a single development which, no doubt, will extend to the modern era.

Actually, there is only one single contribution and that is the expose of Without, which comprises the 2 dis on "Oriental Despotism" as well as the 5th Appendix, called "Special Note E: Oriental Despotism Before Marx: The Withogel Feble", Why then, (1st, al) the stretching on the quest, of statism as bureaucracy and andly how can possibly the expose of Withogel's fables help Draper's fables?

Take the 1st ch. of Part II, Ch. 15, "The Bonapar Model". It is a 25 D extension of Mx's great "18th Bridire of Louis Bonaparte". Again, the ghost of Hegel is what drives him on. Here he is going to act as if there hasn't oeen enough written on Mx's mistoric work, and his is needed the very Ist of show Just how great Mx is. Mx had, however, begun this most brilliant work by devoting his very 1st sentence, indeed the very Ist word with "Hegel". Well, it takes where the word with "Hegel". Well, it takes where the control of a HD to say: "Leaving aside, Hegel's inflated generalization that 'all' great historical events occur twide, the 1st time as tragedy, the 2nd as farce," and granting the comedic dlements in Bonaparts rise to power, as in Hitler's, it was a concession to the short-sided punditry of the time to view the event of Bonapartism as a farce." (p.403). The only trouble with that statement is that, 1st it is a life to attribute to Hegel what the had added that it was a tragedy the 1st time, a farce the 2nd. Eurely, crudition ought to at least have noted that 1st syntence where Ex elaborates on the question of twice by specifying the the statement of the statement of the Nountain of 1848 to 181 for the Mountain of 1793 to 1795, the Nephew for the Uncle." Instead, HD's eruition footnotes this claim that it was only an initial reaction by showing in which 3 weeks exactly a coup d'etat occured, when Ch. 1 was written, when Ch. 2 was written, and the whole wasn't finished until March, concluding," It is not until (h. 3 to 4 that Ex's essential theory of Bonapartism is set down." (p. 403 fin.) The only trouble is that but din't have a theory of zonapartism. That theory of Bonapartism is attributed by HD as a good Trotskyist who remembers Li's development of the th. of Bon. to explain the opposite.

Ch. 16 extends Bonapartism and calls it the "Bismarkian Extension only it turns out to be a quetation from the Origin of the Family (p.410). He then goes in to explain how Engels took up and even the analogy between Bismarks and Bonaparte's regimes ... but even the analogy the has to admit that he found ho reference in Mx to justify Engels statements to this extension that was supposed to have been elaborated by Mx. Having achieved the extension to his own satisfaction, it proceeds on 2h.17 - this is the 3rd ch. headed as Bonapartism - this time as "Bonapartism and the "Progressive Despot' So anxious is HD to make Bonapartism a universal that put of nowhere, he brings in the case of Bolivar where Mx had written his mositility in the New where and Encyclopeddia (a disgusting article by HD was un this unrelated question to anything on Simon Bolivar so pleased one man, HD, that he published it in New Politics 1968 Winter -- but here it serves only as transition point to the next ch. again on Bonapartism, Ch. 18 "Bonapartism in Extremis". To that add (h,s 1) and 20) which makes a total of 11 chapters just on the question of the state. In fact, all the rest - the 3 remaining ch. - is that, too. However, since the manner 2 on Oriental Despotism, along with their notes are the only half-objective chapters that could almost be called a contribution, this is what we will turn to almost be called a contribution, this is what we will turn and end up with.

/21 and 22 on Griental Despotism, the (1st "The Social Basis"; the and State and Bureaucracy", seem at first to have no relationship, practically no reason for being; for this whole part except that he very naturally singled out anything that had to do with bureaucracy. Moreover, it is the only place where he actually finally gets down to a single sentence which shows that Mx wasn't interested in counter-rev'n, but a new force of revol'n, the Tai'ping (p. 515). The even brings out that fact again when he brings attention to the American edition sentence. of Capital having left out the para, which referred to the Tai ping,

The very next page, however, we do start with the fact of state property, not private property, as the lossis of the early class society, and in fact communal property, all leading to a different torm of class society than private capitalism. And, in fact, that Mx already was looking, knew already (1853), to (orientation 19 to the Pacific as against what was the central sea up to then, the Mediterranean and the Atlantic, and that this orientation of Mx was due to the discovery of gold and to the advance of world trace (p. 519). And while it's true that he tries to play down Mx's interest in America by saying it was "a bit of history in order to pillory the Duckess of Sutherland as she posed in history in order to pillory the Duckess of Sutherland as she posed before the women's movement as a philanthropist."(p. 520).

But no matter how he tries to play it down, there's absolutely n no way to play down how excited by was with that Chinese rev'n and how he had written that that rev'n will in time react on England sin through England on Burope.". It would be a curious speciale, that of China sending listorder into the Western World while the Western powers by English Proceed and American world sp@tacle, that of China sending disorder into the western wor while the Western powers, by English, French and American war steamers, are conveying order to Shanghai, Nanking and Steamers, the Grand Canal. "

14383

Finally, it begins to dawn what it is that HD is driving at, that the key to the Orient, and as Mx put it "even to the Oriental heaven" is absence of private property and land.

Nevertheless, this write-up on the pre-capitalist formations, from the Crundriese and from his writings for the Tribbe, even though HD gives a different source for it is the best thing that he has done in the whole 2 books, and, in fact, is the only place where he calls attention to the English edition of capital, not only having left out that paragraph, but in general de-Hegelizing Mx's original writing. Thus, instead of Fremdheld beging translated alienness and Cameinwesen being translated primitive community, the latter is translated as society based on property in common (p. 529). And of course he has to conclude that Mx definitely was emphasizing the fact that property takes different forms before slavery, under feudalism, capitalism, etc. He even ends up, both referring to the letter to Zasulitch and rises triumphantly with the 1851 letter oralts before us, we have as full an idea as we can get of Marx's conception of the social basis of Asiatic society. Now, what was the nature of the political structure associated with this form?"

All of this is in order to lead to what Mx called "the innermost secret" which begins with "labor rent" that Mx was explaining in Capital, kol. .... and the super-climax to that will therefore be In the super-climax to that will therefore be In the super-climax to that will therefore be In the super-climax (Ch 47, second subsection, Very 1, 212)

kerry p. 917)

the hidden floundation of the entire social structure and with it, of the political form of the relations between soverifyfity and independence, in short, the specific form of the state. (Check the Ferr edition p. 919 against the Moscow edition that Hd is using.)

The Axx of a

14384

Burder Comments

pohl

conclusion: "These three sentences present the most concentrated statement by Marx of his theory of the state in relation to his theory of social structure and change, pitched in terms applicable to all class societies without exception. If one had to select from Marx's writing a single statement which contains the main body of his theoretical work in over this would be it." (n. 521)

(p.571)

work in ovo, this would be it."

These 2 chapters, followed also by 2 special notes (E and a which are good as an expose of Witifold and cring out someof the debates in the 1950s, which was time much better by Hobsbawm, and outside of such expressions by Marx as "the priests fere the ruling class" / I have no idea how HD is going to use it for his purposes. More of that, perhaps, in the note F, in order to go back again to the Origin of the Family.

14385

Party adherence

Fth. on p. 212, of Hal Draper's, Vol II. Karl Marx's Theory
of Revolution

"Democratic party" was a mich-used expression but of course there was no organization with this name. As we have explained, (party meant a political tendency) even if unorganized. We shall see Engels writing, later, about joining the Democratic party; this meant announcing adherence to a certain wing of politics. What Marx actually became a member of was the local Democratic Association in Cologne (as well as becoming a member of the Workers Association). Later the local Democratic Associations got so far as to meet regionally and nationally and to elect executive committees for doordination. In the legislatures, a "party" meant at most a parliamentary caucus The club movement in the revolution should not be confused with modern party structures, A good place in the N.R.Z. to see this meaning of "party" and also the above-explained meaning of Organ der Demokratie, is a business announcement which boasted. Through their personal connections with the heads of the Democratic party in England, France, Italy, Belgium and North America, the editors are in a position to reflect the politico-social movement abroad for their readers more correctly and clearly than any other paper. In this regard the Neue Rheinische Zeitung is the organ not simply of the German but of the European Democracy." That is, it is the organ of almovement (the Democracy) and (not simply of a concept (democracy).

24-"Information on Orders ...," in NRZ, (19 Dec. 1848) to 14 Jan. 1849, MEW 6:576 (ME:CW 8:509). For previous discussion of "party", see KMTR 1:153 fn.

14386