leadership - he plence I contributed on him have to have mire my how have to have the week with makered as hand; - And one have more with makered as hand; - And one have more with makered as hand; - And one have more with makered as hand; - And one have more hand as hand; - And one have more with makered as hand; - And one have more hand as hand. has to get the man out of that

SREWARDSHIP OF LEADERSHIP 9/3/66

Introduction: Ourselves and history

The discussion the past two days has been carried with an awareness of being founders of Marxist-Humanism, though this is our 10th anniversary.

Actually we are 12 years old since very born in 1955, but, because/wereoforced into the split of what had been a united state-capitalist tendency before we had rounded both our political and philosophic views with the completion of the writing of Mar in 1957, the singling out of Marxist Hymanism as the specific contribution of Marxists and uniquely ours alone, that is belonging to our age, it is correct to speak of our 10th numiversary. This is appealably true as concerns the stewardship of leadership

In many respects, of course, we are a great deal older because, as a tendency we were born in 1941 with the elaboration of the state-cepitalist theory, thus completing the theoretical break with both Communism and frotskyiem. Iess well-known fithough more crucial historically is the year 1953 and my letters on to absolute Idea", but this will not be fully clear, even to myself, till the book, PHILOSOPHY AND REVOLUTION is completed.

Cat Statement To

It is this, <u>precisely this</u>, which brings us right back to what I started with—the awareness of being founders today because we will be working this cut/as an organization, and not just individually.

Nevertheless, we have to give an accounting of ourselves both for the last year and the 10 years before then, but also must place the whole question of leadership in a historic framework; it is not an easy question to answer.

the Younder, with no mass following at the moment, and Ia Salle, a follower of sorts and heading the first mass organization in Germany, the question arose—and I am not referring only to the merger of the Iassalleans and Eisenbachists which Marx criticized so fundamentally in the Critique of the Gotha Program, but not publicly and not in order to stop the merger.

I em referring to what adherents thought of leadership, always leaning toward the man who could prove "success" in organization so that those great unequals — Kerl Marx and Fordinand lassalle were given equal "status" in the German Social Democracy, and this became a contributing factor to its collapse, and, before then, half unconsciously, the reason for the independent rise, in 1903, of Bolshevism or what is known as Lenin's theory of the party.

theory and practice combined in one man, Lenin, and was further complicated with the acquisition of actual state power, Lenin, too, in the early years, felt overwhelmed by an OVERPOWERING CONTRADICTION:

On the one hand, he felt that not only were the ranks more revolutionary than the leadership, but the non-party masses more revolutionary than the party -- and all this demanded that he operate on the principle that the non-party masses. The work of the Party must be checked by

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On the other hand, that, but for the very thin layer of "Old Bolsheviks", The whole revolution may collarse. (Sel. Wks. Vol IX. p.

Now, luckily or unluckily, since we face neither the historic

Now, luckily or unique.

contradiction nor the historic opportunity.

But placing the problem of leader.

But placing the problem of leader. But placing the problem of leadership of a historic tendency, and at the same time to have a/irane of reference for the specific discussion of the stewardship por Jeadarship in N&L Committees, 1955-1966.

Mela Comertico, 1955-57

Mow then when we first met in 1955, we deliberately avoided having anything to do with elections. To assure the dontinuance of a workers' paper we even paid for the last (17,1955) issue of Correspondence when the alleged "owner" took advantage of the legality not only to walk off with the name of the paper but also to refuse to pay the bill since the worker-editor was not his textiency. About the only change we made in 1955 was to vote for two worker-editors since it is all too well-established that for many a person, workers included, a split is an excuse to get out of the movement altogether. (And it is indeed good that we did so for the white worker did soon leave us.)

The next problem was to strengthen the centre -- and Saul. Johnny and Inez were asked to leave NY and come to Detroit. If you will look at your Constitution, you will see that it is dated 1956, and it is then we first elected our leadership, and it was actually not before 1957 when MGF too was completed that we first knew who were our founders since in '56 we merely assigned that work, and it is only '58 that the Constitution was finalised.

The principles established were simple: (1) Those who were founders of M-H and/operated on the principles and proved themselves in what we still refer to as "full-time workers for M-H."

never take our eyes away from the proletarian staminin leadership as well as in organization, therefore there must be a certain relationship of worker to intellectual in the leading committee. 2)We must

had no youth group, we considered it so undamental that we voted always to have at least one youth fully devoted to that work. 3 Although we