Neil McInnes, on Lukacs

The biographical note that is of interest is that Lukacs returned to Eudapest April, 1957, from Rumania to which he had buanteeners. escaped when the 1956 revolution failed

On the philosophic side, McInnes is good in his nummation of Hack: "Mark meant, said Lukacs, that spirit had
become thing and things were steeped in spirit, so that
history was a fabric of meanings-tecome-forego. This
dialectical relation of Subject and object was most marked
in the case of the profetariat..."

at which point he quotes

at which point he quotes Lukacs. For this class, keld-knowledge means at the same time correct knowledge of the whole of society...so this class is at once subject and object of knowledge."

"It's self-knowledge is history knowing itself, and in that total clarity lies the promise of a return from alienation."

McInnes then speaks of historic relativesm. stressing that Akacs' great contribution was to apply historical materialism TO ITSELF:

knowers and things known, and every piece of culture, no hatter how deformed by class position and historical situation, reflects that totality."

(Q) The criterion of truth is grasp of But reality is not at all to be confounded with empirical being, what actually exists.

The fact that Lukaes correctly rejected the idea that concepts were merely "reflections" of reali idea that concepts were merely "reflections" of reality; holding that reality, as a totality, its truth first has "to be made" McInnes concludes "Lukacs did not clearly delerate this notion, but it evidently pears a resem-

blance to the Hesetlan Absolute.

"Lukaes the main doctrines the dialectical unity of subject and object in society when promise of a realth from alignation ther society through the prolitariat, attains self-knowledge; and the notions of truth as a totality yet to be achieved—were attractive to some western existentialists."

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