PUSEDIN DE SON DE LA PORTE DE

The American Humanist Tradition
1958-UCLA - 1984

Introduction

Although my topic includes Communian as an integral part, it would be cut of place to an audience of this type first "to prove". Communism wrong politically. At the end I'll have something to say of its economic laws. No one here mixtakes the totalitarian syramny existing in Russis for a Communian paradise just because it cells itself such, any more than any one anywhere mistook Maxi "National Socialism." A despot, whether he be a Hitler or a Stelin, is a man of purpose and is without shame. If humanity seems ready for a new social order—and in the 1930's millions certainly were striving for one—the dictator creates the glitter while making sure that behind the flashy neon signs there reside the Gastapos and GPU's.

Nor do I consider the "American part" of the title as a license to begin spouting the Declaration of Independence and the Gettysburg Address in the manner in which the American Communists, during the war alliance, attempted to make Thomas Jefferson a pseu-conym for Marx and Abraham Lincoln a pseudonym for Joseph Stellu.

It is true that Marx was one intellectual who, instead of crediting the French philosophes for the thoughts of the American Revolution had sounded the toesin for the French Revolution, not vice-versa. It is even more true that he wrote-passionately, if you will-that the workers' simple question, "When does my day begin and when does it end;" was a more magnificent philosophy than either the Declaration of Independence or the Rights of Man. "In place of the pompous catalogue of the 'inalienable rights of man' comes the modest Megna Charta of a legally limited working day which shall make clear when the time which the worker sells is ended and when his own begins. Quantum mutatus ab illo."

In any case, one element, whether it is the lesser truth or the greater truth, does not make the whole, and I will not vulgarize either the American or the Marxist Humanist Traditions in this talk which aims to relate Marx's thinking to the historic aspects of American thought.

I proceed on the assumption that this serious, scholarly material dissipations to hear a dissenter's point of view on the parallels and sharp divisions between the two. I understand this is predominantly in principle seminar and would therefore feel more at home in the economic life policies aspects rather than in the purely philosophical ones. His is not to say that in the present period of world crisis when not have fate of civilization but civilization itself is within the orbit of an IOBM that any of us can fail to question the deep human basis of all pheaceans. As Marx explained his philosophy in the very lirst place of writing at the time of his break from bourgeois society, A Contribution to the Oritima of Hegel's Philosophy of Law, "To be radical is to grosp the matter by its root, New the root of manking is man himself."

No, I'm afraid this get-rich-quicks type of search for American roots of Marxism from which poor Vebler, with both the Communists and Technocrats trying to claim him, suffers more than any single American, better be allowed to rest in peace. Neither do I wish to consider native radicalism like Edward Bellamy's Looking Backward or Heary George's Progress and Poverty. The economic determinists from Turner through Parrington to Beard were certainly influential in establishing a view of our historical development that in some minor ways parallel elements of Marxism. But there sgain any one element does not make the whole-and the whole is wholly opposed to Marxism

The only Marxist root I consider genuine is the Abolitionist movement in America and that despite the fact that most of them did not even know Marx. What is of far greater importance is the sponteneous affinity of ideas, the independent working out of the problems of the ege as manifested in one's own country, and the common source—the Negro in America and his own activity in fighting for freedom.

It is this which I wish to develop as the American roots of Marxism-and then proceed directly to our own age where I will not have the authority of a living harx to back me up and have to swim on

Before we do either however, se wante fuck flavor all Harris Thely [Acre 1111-14]

The American Roots of Harrism—The Abolitionist Movement

The least known part of Markism is its American roots. I'm not referring to any organization that called itself Marxist either in Marx's own time or ours. Of many of those Marx said, "If this is Marxism, I'm not a Marxist." He found he had to separate himself from the self-styled Marxists in merica who tried to evade the whole issue of the ivil War by saying they were opposed to "all slagery, wage and chattel."

Marx was actively and unashamedly on the side of the North, this, is, is not best to by topic today. I will not minimize the make demonstrations in England which stopped the British government's flirtations with the thought of entering on the side of the South-The Workingmen's International Association, headed by Marx, is certainly an important manifestation of the relationship between the

Merence but they bely for my party but the property of the was a former of the North of the way they be the the they be the th

(Marxism and Freedom, 280)

"And by the South I mean likewise a principle, and not a locality, an element of civil life, in fourteen rebellious States. I mean an element which, like the days of Queen Mary and the Inquisition, cannot tolerate free speech, and punishes it with the stake. I mean the aristocracy of the skin, which considers the Declaration of Independence a shem and democracy a snare—which believes that one third of the race is born booted and spurred, and the other two thirds ready saddled for that third to ride. If yean a civilization which prohibits the Bible by statute to every sixth man of its community, and pute a metron in a felon's call for teaching a black sister to ready I mean the intellectual, social aristocratic Scuth—the thing that manifests itself by barbarism and the bowle-knife, by mit bullying and lynch-law, by ignorance and idleness, by the claim of one mer to awn his brother, and statutes making it penal for the State of Massachusetts to bring an intion in her course, by statutes, standing on the books of Georgia today offering five thousand dollars for the head of Milliam Bloyd Garricia. Mari That South is to be annihilated. (Loud applause). The totality of my common senses or whatever you may call it—is this, all summed up in one word: This country will never mow peace nor union until the South (using the word in the sense I have described) is annihilated, and the North is appead over it... Our struggle is between barbarism and civilization.

It is tempting, of course, in a talk to an economics the AEA—to point to the founders of that organization, non like Richard the AEA—to point to the founders of that organization, non like Richard the system of the 1550's and 1590's which had produced the violence of the creat labor battles at Homesteady steel mills. Idaho'd silver mines, the Pullman strike in Illinois, and had written a work on the Labor Movement in America which had been slandered in his day as "the ravings of an anarchist." As a founder of the AEA he had stressed the need to HUMANIZE accommics and, furthermore, had praised Marx's CAPITAL as one of the sablest politico—sconomic treatises ever written."

I could then proceed to invade the field of history

Yendell Phillips further spelled this out most concretely: he said that unless the blacks become the basis of Southern Reconstruction we might as well not have fought and won, we will retrogress to another form of barbarism.

The question of land and the peasant as the prerequisite for a successful revolution was brought home to us in the 'ivil War. Frederick Engels, Marx's great collaborator, had written before, the links analysis of the Peasant Wars in Germany, that because the German Raformation in the 16th Century had betrayed the peasant revolts by not giving the peasants land, the country itself "disappeared for three centuries from the ranks of tountries playing an independent part in/history." We still suffer from the incomplete revolution in the Bouth where the Negro did not get his "40 acres and a rule." (I was also a veryone to read w. E. B. DuBois' Black Reconstruction because, although it is one of the greatest contributions—and certainly the most original—to that period of America's development, it is hardly known because it was written by a Negro and supposedly for that reason—forgive the word—"prejudiced." Tet many as a so-called objective historian, and I include our greatest in that category, have yet we can to see the problem, much less to analyze it profoundly.)

Wendell Phillips is the only bolitionist who made the transition to the labor movement itself. So young is our country that if I had time I could show an actual living connection between him and Rugene V. Debs, and thus Marxian socialism, but now I must proceed to the changes in Marx's greatest theoretical work, CAPITAL, made under the impact of the decade of the 1860's in general and the Civil Mar in the United States in particular.

B-Marx's CAPPITAL

All of us know what it is to be damned with faint praise. Joseph Schumpeter however has tried it with excessive praise.

Joseph Schumpeter considers Marx's materialistic conception of history as nothing short of a work of genius whereupon he complains that Marx overestimated the value of philosophy in general and of Hegelian methodology in particular. He proceeds to call Marx the most studits of all economists and cannot contain his praise for Marx's arudits of theory, of being able to transform "historic narrative into historic raisonne"; whereupon he proceeds to dissect him as "sconomist" only and disregard entirely that made it possible to transform historic narrative into historic reason, how did Marx's "idea" of theory evolve. He does this not maliciously or even consciously—it is impossible for an intellectual nowadays even when he admires another intellectual with whom he completely disagrees, to conceive of the fact that genius has any connection with common man's activity.

Merx, on the other hand, always felt the pulse of what he called "the sponteneous organization of the working class," and never more so than when he worked on "theory."

Mark had ocen working out his economic theories ever since 1844. By 1859 he finally published what he considered to be the first volume of Capital and which he had celled Criving of Political Economy. But he no sconer published it than he was dissatisfied with it. Under the impact of the cigil war he returned to the manuscripts and began a thorough overhaul, in structure and form particularly. The two most fundamental reorganizations occurred in 1863 and in 1866 and the work was finally published in the form we have it today, except some other additions of a leaser nature that he added after the Paris Jemmune of 1871. It was in 1866 that he added the section on the working Day, which will illuminate what Schumpcter calls the idea of theory and what I call the Humanism of Marrism or Marrism as a theory of theory and what I call the Humanism of Marxism or Merxism as a theory of liberation. It completes Mark's transcendence of both classical political economy and Hegelian philowophy, the two main sources of his theory, and the creation of a new world view of history which was solidly based on the actual activity of man. First, there was the relationship of the abolition of slavery to the struggle for the eight hour day. As Marx was to write in CAPITAL: "In the United States of North America, every independent movement for the workers was paralyzed so long as slavery disfigured a part of the Republic. Labor cannot eman@ cipate itself in the white skin where in the black it is brended. But out of the death of slavery a new life at once arose. The first fruit of the oivil war was the eight hours agitation that ran with the sevenof the 'ivil War was the eight hours' agreement of the Pacific, from leagued boots of the locomotive from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from New Ingland to California. The General ongress of Labor at Baltimore & New Ingland to California. The General ongress of Labor at Baltimore & (August 16, 1866) declared: 'The first and great necessity of the present, to be free the labor of this country from capitalistic slavery, is the passing of a law by which eight hours shall be the normal working-day in all States of the American Union. We are resolved to put forth all our strength until this glorious result is attained.

breed lowy Of concept Theory, the The workers having by theirows "correct instinct"
formulated a demand in almost the precise terms that Merx had worked
so hard to present to the first International, the theoreticians mind
took wing. New categories were created, a step forward in philosophic
cognition was made, and a new way of thinking resulted. First—this is
our SECOND in tracing the illuminations the 1860's cast for Mark—came
the shift from the history of theory to the history of production to
relations. In CRITIQUE, he would state his theory on commodities and
money and then supplement it with the other theories on that subject.
In CAPITAL, he removed all other theories to the end of the work,
folume 4, and straightaway from the mentioning of the duality in the
commedity between use-value and exchangedvalue moves over to the duality
in labor itself, between abstract and concrete, and after that he split
the entegory of labor into labor standing for the function, the activity
itself, and labor power, the mere ability to labor which the capitalist
between a commodity according to the laws of exchange. This does not
get transformed into the function itself until he belongs to the capitalist
and is made by him toproduce a greater value than it itself is or gets
fired after the day's work. Marx is the only theoretical economist
who entered the factory—and stayed there for the greater part of
Volume I analyzing the relations at the point of production.

It is in this part—"The Production of Absolute Surplus Value".
—that the section on the Working Day amours. The academic economists, who look upon these pages as a sob story stuff. Forget that society itself would have collapsed had the workers not fought for the shortaning of the working day. Capitalism Hestroyed nine generations of spinners in only three generations. The Humanism of CAPITAL gives it that profundity, that force and direction which made possible the prediction of monopolies and depressions.

Marx didn't predict them because he was a prophet but because of two factors and two factors only, 1) he dialectically carried through to the end the edonomic laws of dovelopment of capitalist society and 2) having put the Human Being—the wage laborers—instead of the thing—wage labor—at the center of his theoretical world, Marx discerned in the struggles and new thinking the "new forces and new passions" of for a new society. The winning of the shortening of the working day which Marx called "a veritable civil war" was finally the material basis for freedom.

Two principles are involved in the structural change in CAPITAL, one flowing from theory and one from practice. The philosophy of the shortening of the workings day, which erose out of the actual class struggles, embraced all concepts inside and outside it. The thinking of the theoretician was thus constantly filled with more and more content, filled by workers! struggles and workers! thoughts. Those were the conditions created for the leap. The leap itself developed the idea that the ultimate creation of freedom rests upon the shortening of the working day:

All Commercial Miles a multicustry

The socialization of labor meant, in human terms, a great army of labor, united and disciplined by the very mechanism of labor and forced, in order to straighten their bent backs, to throw off not only capitalist oppression but put an end to class society, and reunits once and for all, in the human being himself, mental and manual labot so that the pro-bistory of society can end and humanity's true history begin on the basis that the free development of each is the condition for the free and full development of all.

Since his CAPITAL was built mainly on the most advanced country of his day. England—he warned: "Intrinsically it is not a question of the higher or lower degree of development of the social antagonisms that result from the natural laws of capitalist production. It is a question of these laws themselves, of these tendencies working with iron recessity towards inevitable results. The country that is more developed only shows, to the less developed, the image of its own future."

The same, we must add, is true in reverse.

Given the context of the world world to the accelerated development of a backward country once it begins catching up with the advanced country, the former shows the latter the image of its own future.

Sputniks I & II certainly proved that point.

The Hitlers, the Mussolinis, the Khruschevs are not Germans, Italians and Russians only. They represent objective forces. Mc Carthyism was but a pale, impotent shadow, but it is a warning all the same as to what happens when deep fundamental crises in production and in society just koop piling up.

The 1929 crash was the dividing line in the American mind as well as the economy.

We had, on the one hand, the Brain Trust—wend I do not mean only those who went by that name in the government. I mean all intel lectual planners, small and large, those without purpose and those with, those who invented the New Deal to save capitalism and those who wanted "to use" the New Deal to move headlong to totalizarian planning on the Russian model.

Certainly these were not so totally different that they did not find constitution pleasant the communist Party made a sharbles of ell independent thought.

They fell not because they were traitors, although a few were, but because they all had the same name for all the ills: FLAN. It is this that made them meant-for-each other bedrellows of the Communists. Paradoxically, this became clearest give they threw off the direct Communists—at the end of World War II, for it was then precisely that the Communists hit the jackpot with their new form of popular frontism—
Deace. No one short of the ex-vice-precident of America came to head the Progressive Party. Do not think that wallace was a wisled back—
woodsman. He was misled all right, but it was not occause he was "beckward. His being "taken in" was a symbol of an OBJECTIVE factor—the unresolved CHISIS AND CONTRADICTIONS WHICH FOLLOWED A VICTORY THAT DID
NOT RESULT IN ANY NEW SOCIAL ORDER.

The heretofore colonial countries from India through the French Cameroths in Africa to the West European civilizations like France and Italy just didn't go for the hollow slogans of Democracy.

say "hollow" not because I deprecate the American traditions of liberty, but rather because I contrast these great traditions to the actual dollar deplemacy that made the rounds of the awakening Asian giant in the company of the very powerfs that had held them in subjection for centuries.

And by "hollow" I also mean what was happening in our country, for nothing is better known in Europe and the world over than the Negro question and we cannot keep a tenth of the nation—over whom a Civil Marwas fought—in the conditions they are in and lecture to others on democracy vs. Communist totalitarianism. To the rest of the world not only the Senator Fastlands and Governor Faubuses are no different, but the statement of the cultured Faulkner that he would be ready to crill blood of the Negro to keep "the outhern way of Life" sounds ack barberic as indeed it is. When a isenhower asks such as Faulkner to head a Committoo of Intellectuals for Cultural Freedom—it is the stillbirth it was.

We need not merely so back to the traditions of the Abolitionists but forward to a New Humanism comprehensive enough in theory, stops, logic and life to win the global struggle form the minds of mensacops, logic and life to win the global struggle form the minds of mensacops, logic and life to win the global struggle form the minds of mensacops, logic and life to win the colonial times that appeared just a committees of correspondence in a colonial times that appeared just a committees of correspondence in a colonial times that appeared just a committees of correspondence in a colonial times that appeared just a committees of the British authorities which sever put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that these nuisances were, as Charles A. Board put it, "THE find that the second the find that the find that the

I am sorry to sound harsh, but I ask anyons to turn to books on AUTOMATION which seriously treat man as if he were indeed a buildable machine and then follow John R. Commons' advice and go seek buildable machine and then follow John R. Commons' advice and go seek out workers and talk to them and get their attitudes and you will see out workers and talk to them and get their attitudes and you will see what I mean when I say that the new impulses are only to be gotten from the workers themselves and not from abstract ingories of "Automation is progress."

The struggle for the minds of men-end our century is exactly that—cannot be won with hollow words of democracy. But so rich are the traditions of America, so winhibited are the American workers by the preconceived notions of leaders, including those from their own by the preconceived notions of leaders, including those from their own labor ranks, that a new Humanism 40 2000/(... They have no awe of no Labor Party to "lead" them or mislead them—and they have no awe of intellectuals like the French Existentialists. That does not mean they intellectuals like the French Existentialists. Thou PRACTICE TO reject theory. On the contrary. THERE IS A MOVEMENT FROM PRACTICE TRECKY THAT IS LITERALLY BENGING FOR A MOVEMENT FROM THEORY TO PRACTICE TO MEET IT.

When these finally do meet and I have no doubt of the meeting-it cannot be anything short of a NEW HUMANISM.